

Preprocessing

Prepping the count matrix

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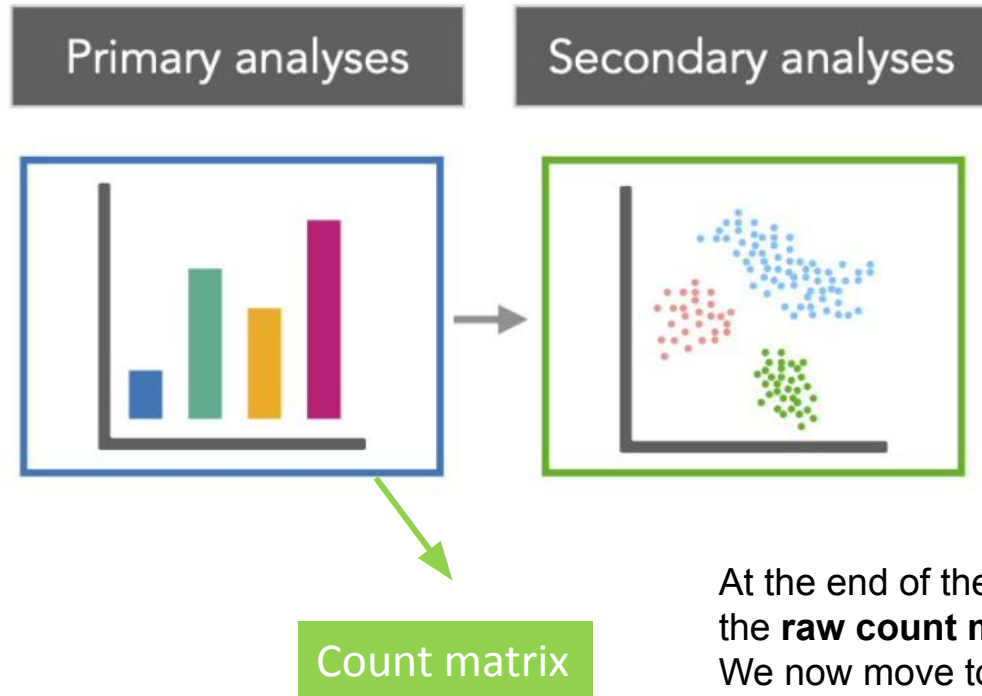
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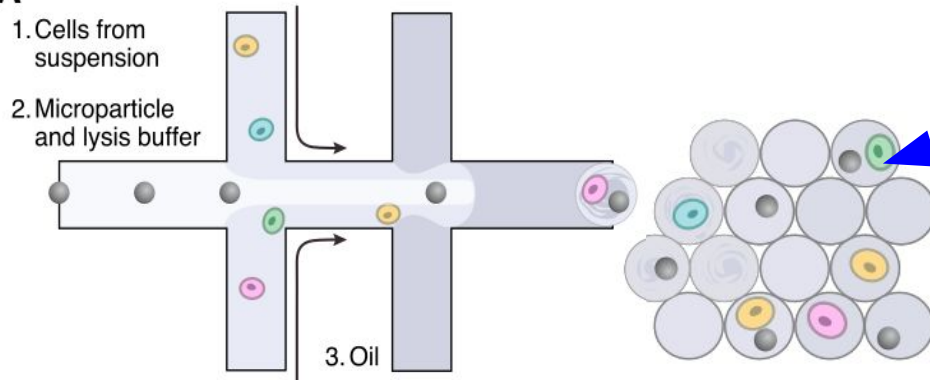
Organization of this session



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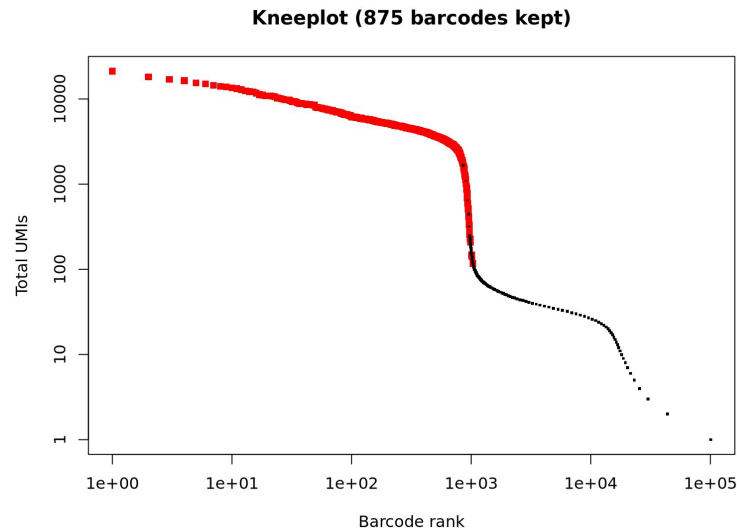
- Prepping the raw counts matrix
 - Filtering out low quality / “empty” droplets
 - Assessing, removing ambient RNA
 - Generating technical and signature metrics (counts, %mito, %ribo, cell cycle phase, ...)
 - Filtering out extreme “bad” cells on these
 - Lowering bias (*later*)
 - Identifying, filtering out cell doublets
- Your input : a [**feature**] -by- [**droplet barcode**] count matrix

Empty droplets filtering



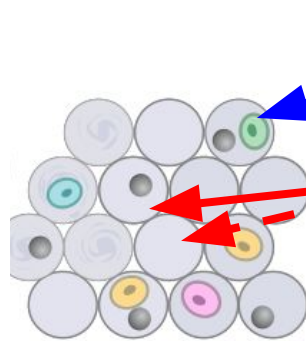
THERE IS RNA HERE
(CELL IN GEM RNA)

- The (double) “**kneeplot**”
- Counts = $f(\text{ranked.droplets})$
- “steep cliff” => best transition from “true cells” to empty droplets
- Actually a bit more complex ...
- R tool : `DropletUtils::emptyDrops`



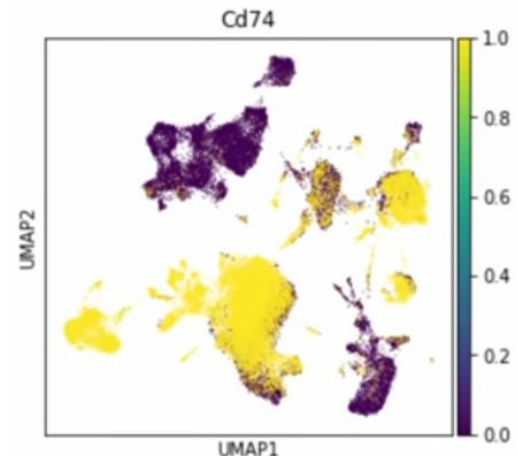
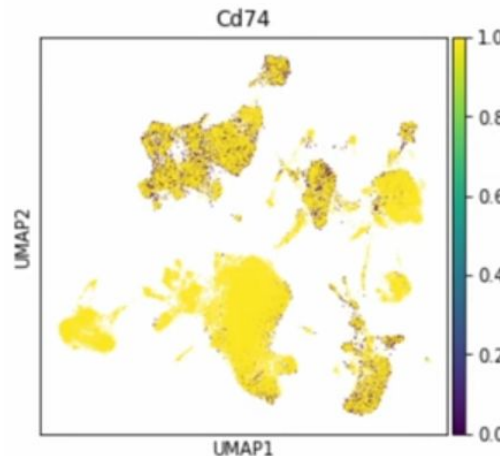
Ambient RNA filtering (SoupX)

- emptyDrops : removed empty droplets (contained only ambient RNA)
- **BUT** non-empty droplets **ALSO** have ambient RNA !
- **soupX** determines the amount of ambient RNA in counts, removes it



THERE IS RNA HERE
(CELL IN GEM RNA
+ AMBIENT)

THERE IS RNA HERE TOO !
(NO CELL = 100% AMBIENT)

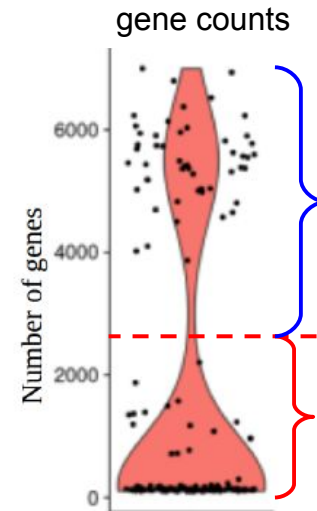
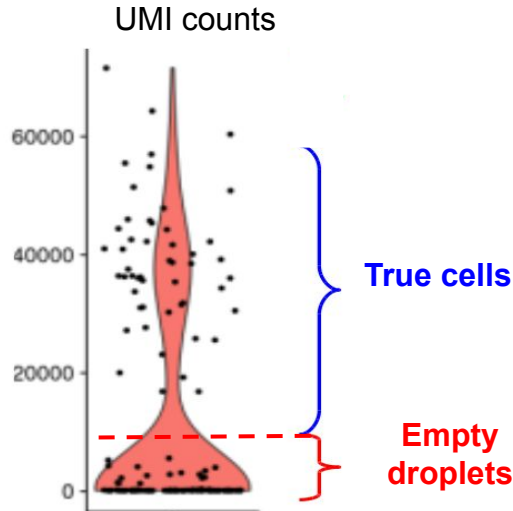




QC and filtering (counts, features)

Filtering of empty / bad quality cells

- Visualize data and **deduce** thresholds
- Possible visualization: **Violin** Plot : Distribution of a cell feature. Can add points to visualize cells exactly (1 point = 1 cell) // **Histogram**
- Ideal distribution should be normal. In practice, it is **bimodal**

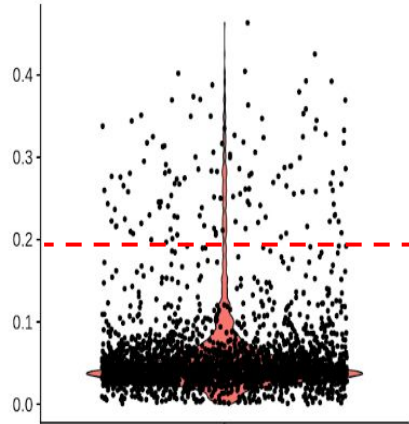


QC and filtering (%mito, %ribo, ...)

Filtering of empty / bad quality cells

- Visualize data and **deduce** thresholds
- Possible visualization: **Violin** Plot : Distribution of a cell feature. Can add points to visualize cells exactly (1 point = 1 cell) // **Histogram**
- Distribution of features that **capture** a large part of expression (mito genes, riboproteins, ...)

Mitochondrial (mt) genes expression

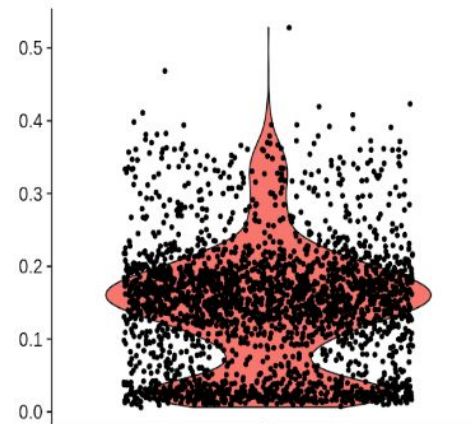


High % of mt genes may be due to apoptotic/dead or over-lyzed cells

Here the distribution has a long right tail.

Depending on dataset, remove cells > 5, 10, 20, 25% mtRNAs... (tl,tb)

Ribosomal protein genes expression ?



Reflects cell stress or cellular activity? Cell cycle?

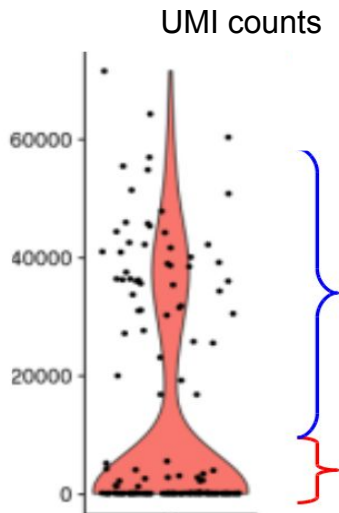
Is it a good marker: community debate.

+ Mechanical stress

QC and filtering

Filtering of empty / bad quality cells

- Visualize data and deduce thresholds
- Possible visualization: Violin Plot : Distribution of a cell feature. Can add points to visualize cells exactly (1 point = 1 cell)

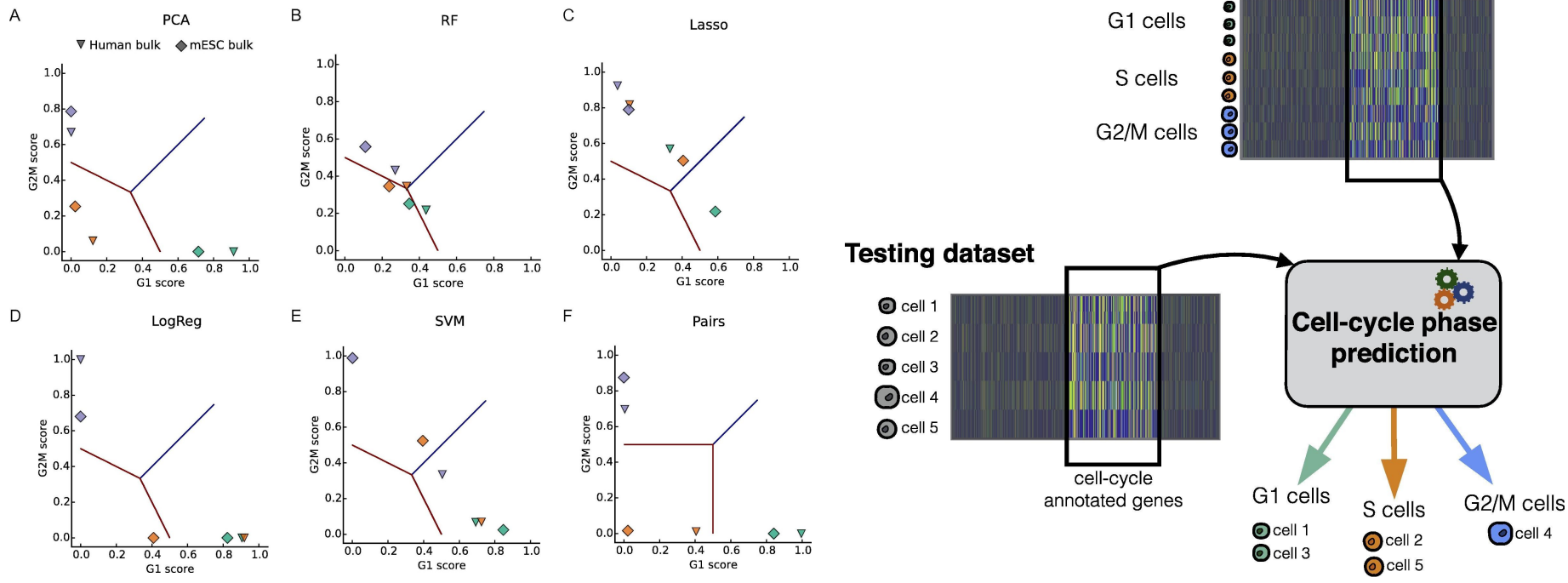


Select the thresholds carefully if you expect a population with a **small transcriptome**: e.g. immune cells (B especially), stem cells, ...

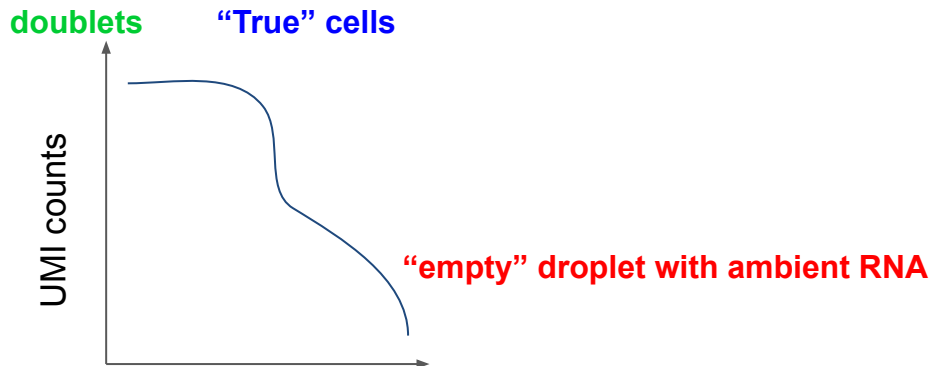
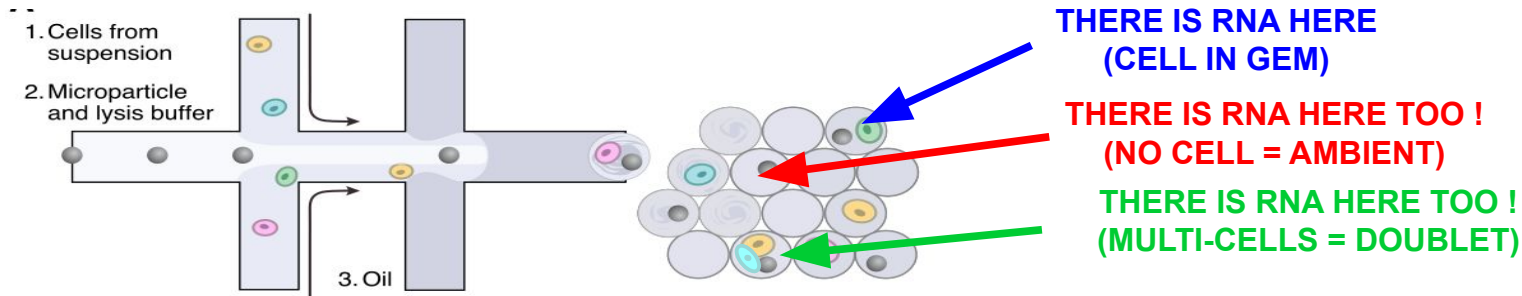


Cell cycle phase estimation

- Variational expression due to cell phase may be strong !
- Training on reference set with the 3 phases identified
- Use pairs of differential genes
- Apply model pairs to new dataset, assign phases
- Implemented in **cyclone** (*scrn*), **Seurat**, ...



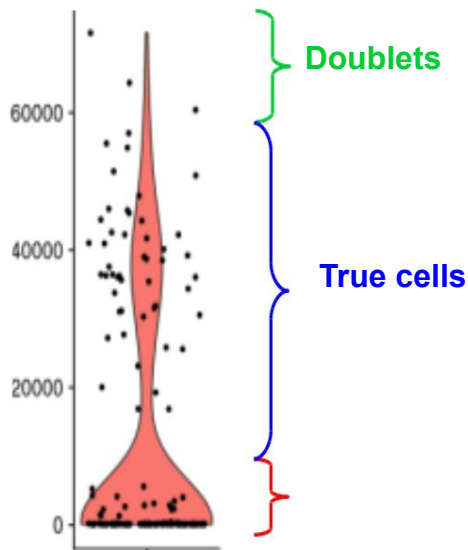
Filtered matrix composition : Doublets



- True cells
- Empty, low quality droplets
- Doublets:
 - 1% for 1000 cells
 - 5% for 10 000 cells

Doublets detection

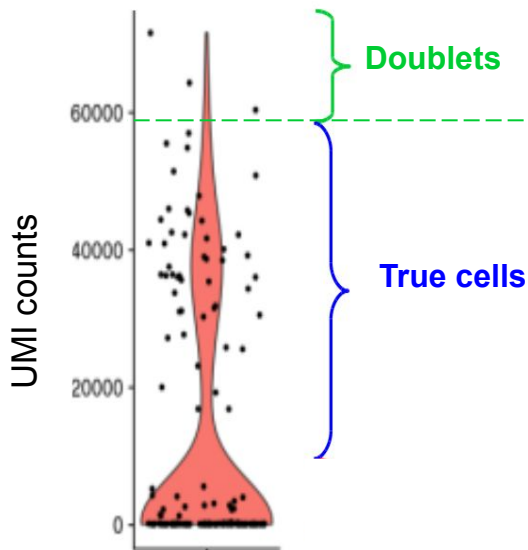
- Visualize nb UMIs (nCount) as a Violin Plot and set a threshold



- Doublets harbor a non-natural expression :
 - Higher level but same profile for doublets of the same cell type (*homotypic*)
 - Artificial profile for doublets of different cell types (*heterotypic*)
- This may have a **major impact** on the structure of signal in the data

Doublets detection

- Visualize nb UMIs as a Violin Plot and set a threshold



This threshold might be hard to tell

+

There may be a true cell
subpopulation with higher
expression ?

Doublets detection

- doublet detection by simulation



Pick 2 random cells



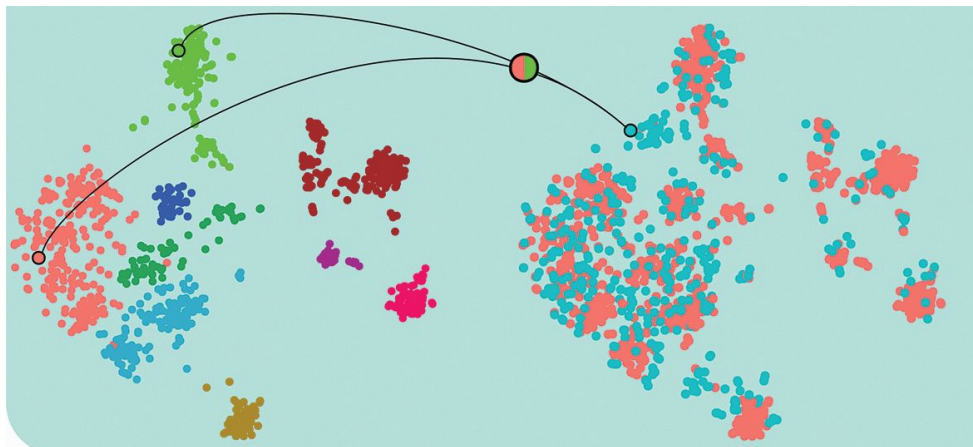
Generate artificial
doublets



train doublet classifier



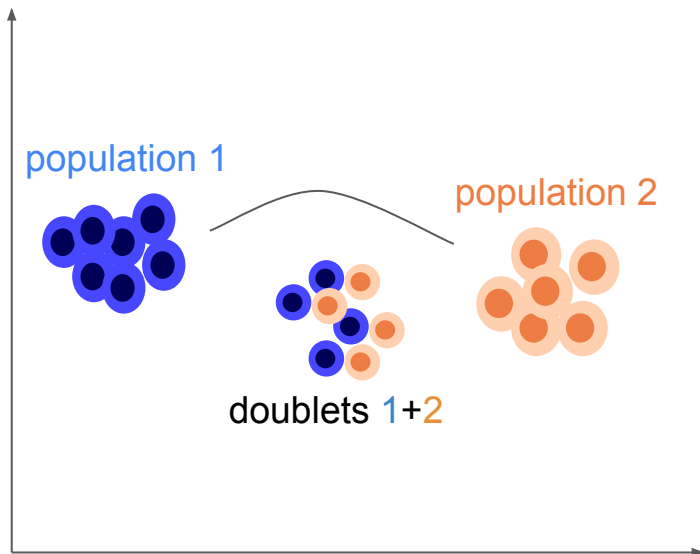
exclude doublet



if a droplet looks like many
artificial doublets, it has a
high doublet score

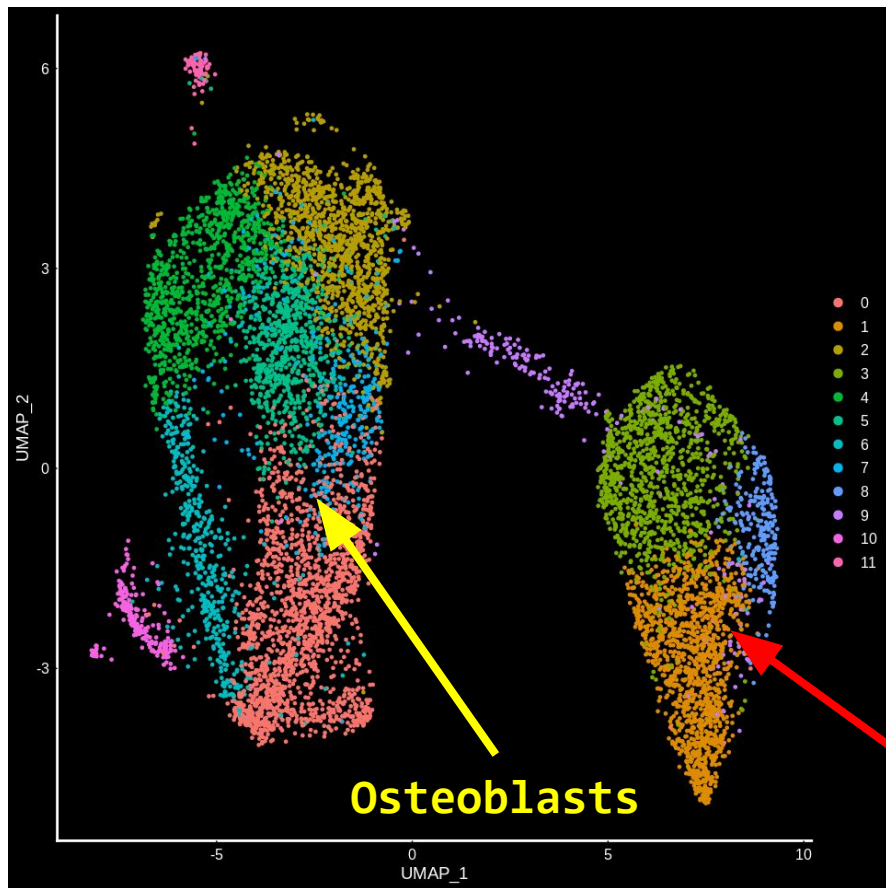
Doublets detection

- doublet detection by clustering:
 - doublets composed of two cell types cluster between these cell types
 - check differentially expressed genes between putative doublets cluster and pop1 + pop2: there should not be many



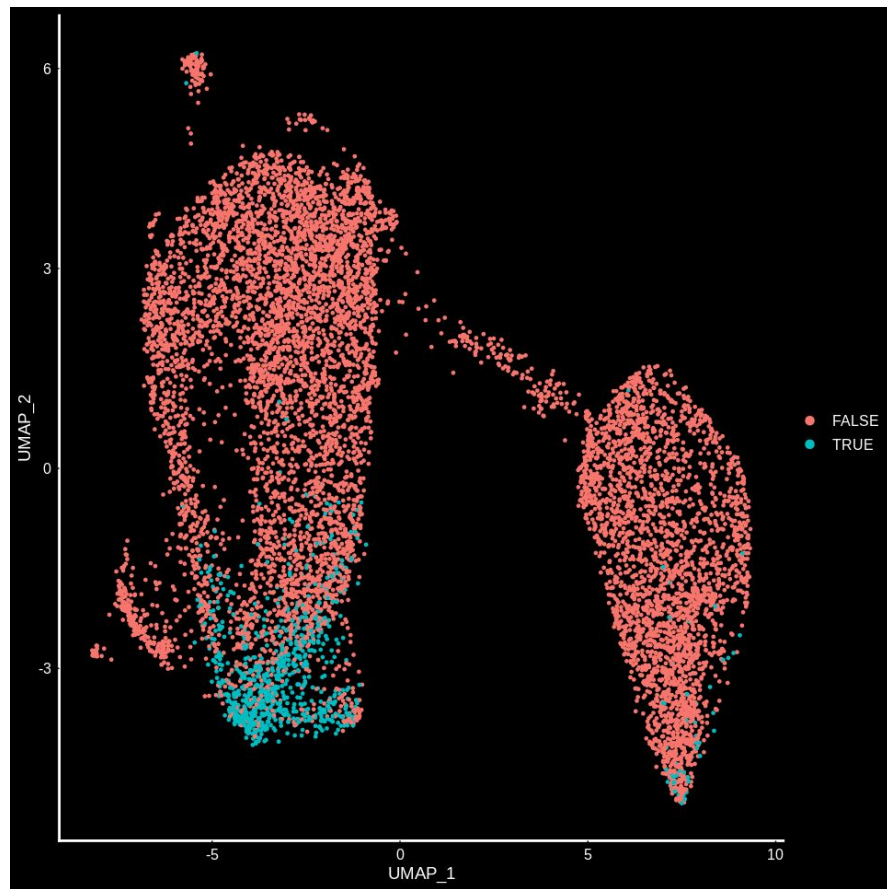
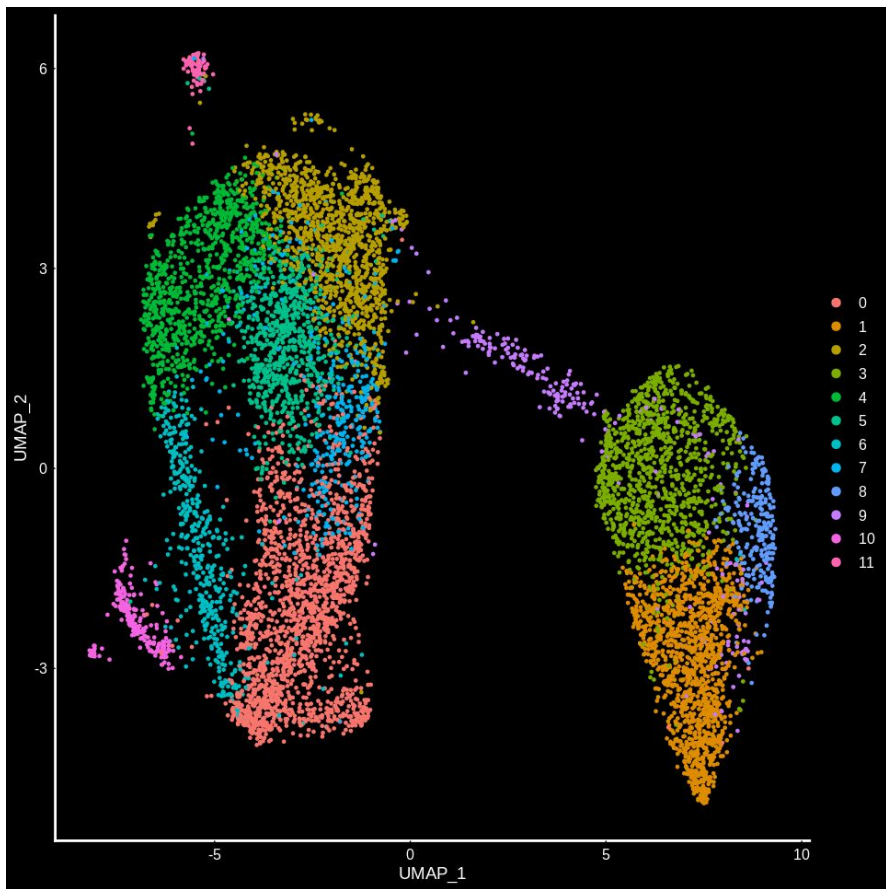
```
findDoubletClusters()
```


Visualization : a real-life example

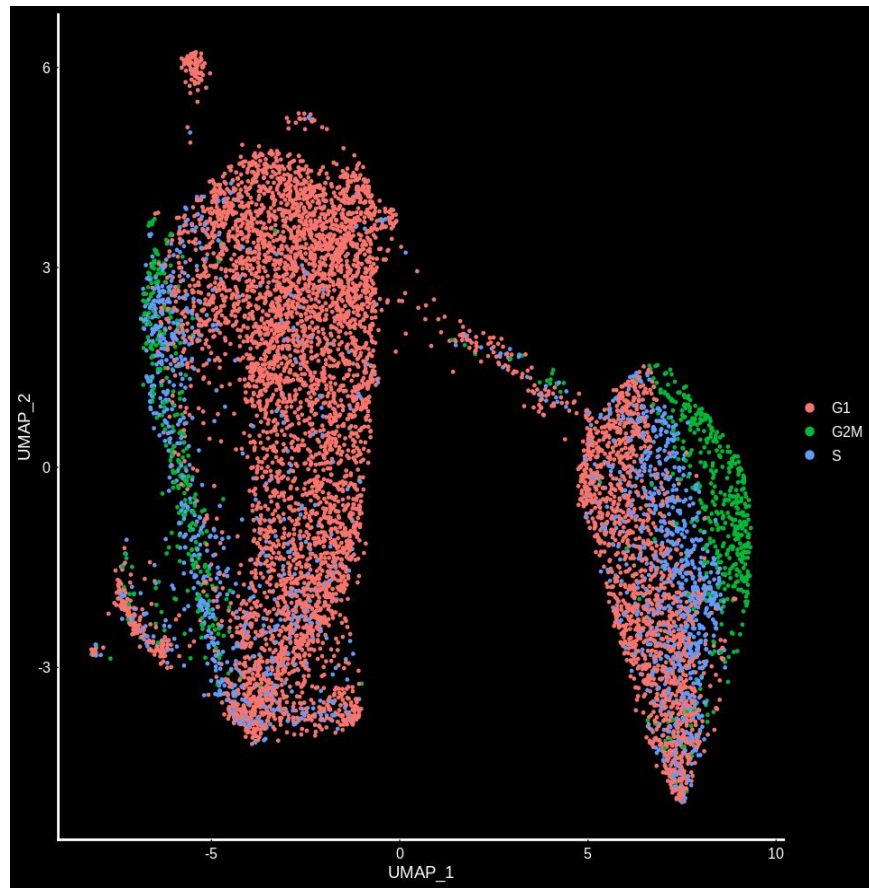
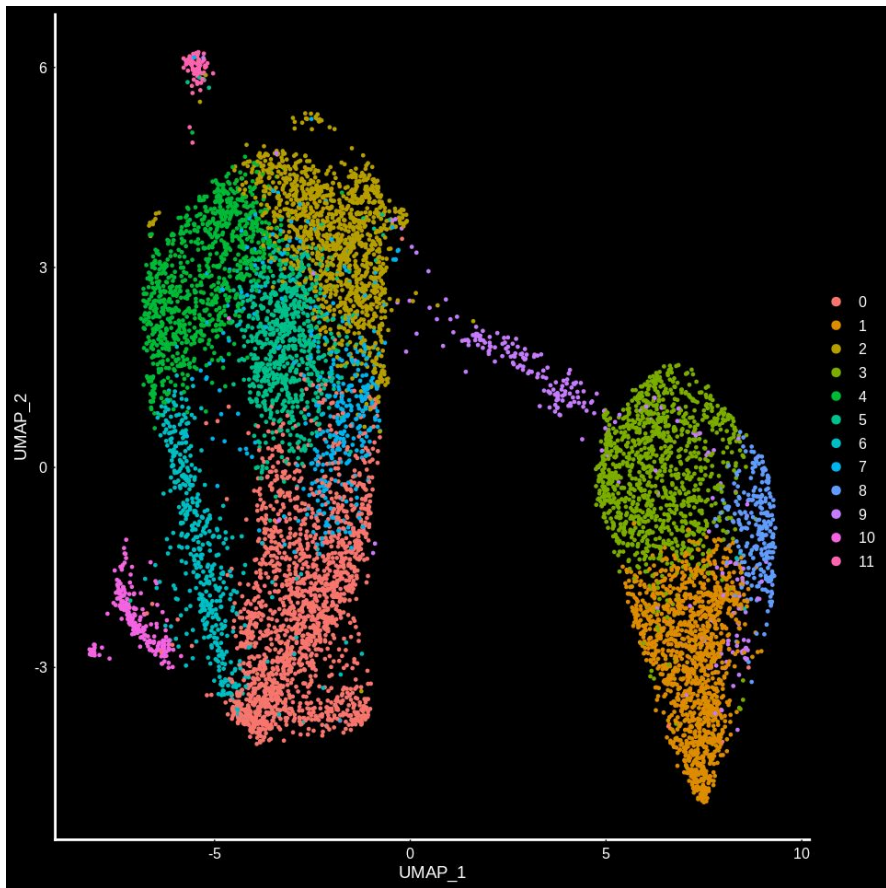


- 10X 3' scRNAseq v2
- Osteosarcoma metastasis
- 8911 cells x 18613 genes
- PCA (109 PCs retained)
- Louvain clustering
 - 12 clusters
- uMAP representation

Bias : Dying cells (%mt high) status / score



Bias : Cell cycle phases / scores



Bias : Cell doublet status / score

