

FAIR_bioinfo : Open Science and FAIR principles in a bioinformatics project

How to make a bioinformatics project more reproducible

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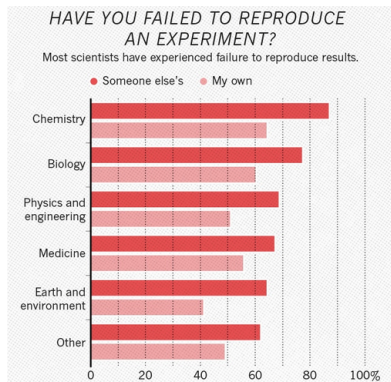
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Reproducibility

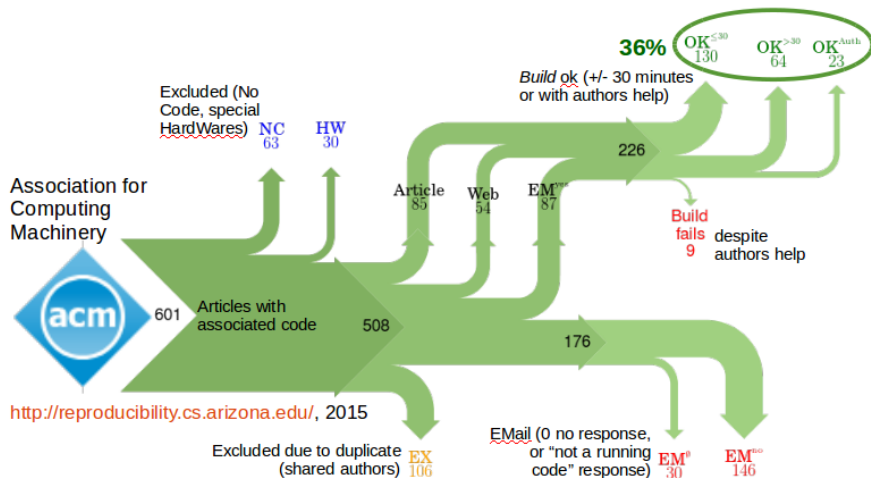
A reproducibility problem, Biology

70% of the analyses in Experimental Biology are **not** reproducible

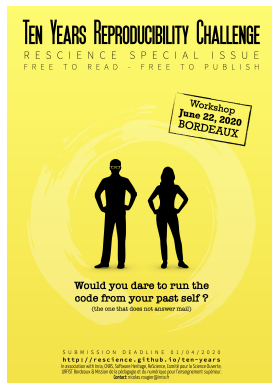


Monya Baker, 1,500 scientists lift the lid on reproducibility, *Nature*, 2016

A reproducibility problem, Computer Sciences



A reproducibility problem, Bioinformatics



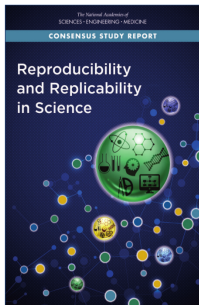
Ten-Year Reproducibility Challenge, Konrad Hinsen
Can your 2009 code still run?
special issue of [ReScience](#) and
[result comments](#) in *Nature*

Who's never wanted to take over a protocol, a pipeline, or a tool without running into it?

- unable to install tools: not compatible OS, not availability of dependencies
- tool update \Rightarrow codes unusable: python 2 vs. 3, change of function arguments (R)
- inability to reproduce the results of computational analysis: package versions, IDE: stable version of the language different according to the OS (Rstudio)

Reproducibility in science

Reproducible research, Repeatability, Replicability, Reproducibility, Replication: overlapping semantics \Rightarrow a plethora of definitions!^a



National Academies
of Sciences,
Engineering, and
Medicine (2019).^b

a: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/323118701_Terminologies_for_Reproducible_Research

b: National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine. 2019. Washington DC. The National Academies Press, <https://www.nap.edu/read/25303/chapter/1>

c: <https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.5443201.v1>, Slide number 7

ACM definition (2016):

Repeatability Same team, same exp. setup

Replicability Different team, same exp. setup

Reproducibility Different team, different exp. setup

Whitaker's matrix of reproducibility (2017):^c

		Data	
		Same	Different
Analysis	Same	Reproducible	Replicable
	Different	Robust	Generalisable



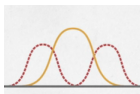
FAIR_bionfo's finding

Depends on the object of study x
what needs to be "memorized" to replay the experience:



Raw Data

FAIR data principles
& Data Management
Plans



Statistical or
bioinformatic analysis
Codes - parameters -
workflows



Validation

Publication: thesis,
article, report, etc

How to gain in reproducibility?

Focus on codes, parameters, and workflows used throughout the analysis process

Monya Baker, 1,500 scientists lift the lid on reproducibility, *Nature*, 2016



A solution

Divert FAIR data principles towards processes

Findable



Third party tools used = ref. in their field

Easy to find analysis protocol (Github pages)

Accessible



Available codes (Github, dockerhub)

Third party open source tools

Interoperable



Cooperation of tools (snakemake, docker) as well as locally than on servers (cloud or cluster)

Reusable



Protocol replayable (snakemake) identically (Rshiny) in a virtual environment (docker)

Promote learning



Our objective

FAIR raw data

+

FAIR scripts

=

FAIR processed data

Course

Take your first steps with several companion tools to gain in reproducibility

Example based

Just the beginning of an NGS analysis
A full analysis is given as bonus (The NGS analysis is simply used as an example and not explained)

Resources

- [awesome](#) a curated list of reproducible research case studies, projects, tutorials, and media
- The Role of [Metadata](#) in Reproducible Computational Research
- [Towards reproducible computational biology](#)
- A very similar sweden [courses](#) with git, conda, snakemake, jupyter, r-markdown, docker, singularity